

GENERAL POLITICAL AMNESTY IS ORDERED IN RUSSIA

NICHOLAS HALTED
ON WAY TO RETREAT;
VIRTUAL PRISONER

Consort of Deposed Czar Is
Also Deprived of
Liberty.

GOVERNMENT'S ORDER.

Announcement in Commons
That There Is No Fear for
Safety of Former Ruler.

LONDON, March 21.—The Russian Government has ordered that the deposed Emperor and his consort shall be regarded as having been deprived of their liberty and that they shall be brought to the Tsarskoe-Selo, Reuter's Petrograd correspondent telegraphs.

The despatch said Chief of Army Staff Alexieff had been ordered to provide a suitable detachment to guard the former ruler and his wife, and that they be brought from Mogileff to Tsarskoe-Selo, escorted by a committee of four Duma members.

At the same time dispatches were received here stating "on authority of official circles close to the Czar," that he "would soon rejoin his family at Tsarskoe-Selo."

From the present information there is no reason to doubt the safety of the former Czar of Russia and his family, Chancellor Bonar Law announced in the House of Commons to-day.

The orthodox clergy at Kiev, Russia, has recognized the new Government, Reuter's Petrograd correspondent reports.

Gov. Gen. Gondatti of the Siberian Province of Amur, and Gen. Neustchenko, commander of the troops there, are reported to have been arrested.

The Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz has been arrested and brought before the Duma.

[The House of Mecklenburg-Strelitz is German. Duke Charles, a cousin of the Grand Duke, was naturalized as a Russian a few days before the war began.]

Gen. Baron Fredericks, who was Emperor Nicholas's Minister of Court, has been arrested at Gomel, being apprehended at the railway station and lodged in a hotel under guard.

[Baron Fredericks was on the imperial train with Emperor Nicholas at Vitebsk, 125 miles southeast of Petrograd, when the Emperor learned of his deposition. Gomel is in Southern Russia, near the Black Sea Coast.]

Nicholas Romanoff, as the deposed Emperor is now known, departed on Sunday for his estate at Livadia, in the Crimea. It has been understood that he would be permitted to live in retirement at that place, far removed from the capital and the scenes of military operations.

The general policy of the new government has been represented as opposed to any acts of vengeance against persons connected with the old regime. While it has been recognized that if Nicholas could obtain a following and was disposed to combat the new government civil war might result, there have been no indications that he contemplated such a move or could obtain the necessary support.

Accounts of his last hours as ruler of Russia depicted him as resigned to his fate and determined not to stand against the wishes of the people. Nothing has been heard, however, in regard to the attitude of the former Emperor, a German, whose powerful influence at the Russian court is said to have been exerted against all democratic tendencies.

DUMA TO RAISE
'LIBERTY LOAN' TO
CARRY ON THE WAR

Delegates Will Visit the Armies
to Assure Soldiers of
Firm Support.

POLITICAL AMNESTY.

Declared To-Day by New
Regime—Grand Duke Nicholas Exhorts Men in Field.

PETROGRAD, March 21.—New Russia proposes to raise a great "Liberty Loan." Leaders of the provisional government to-day said plans were under way for floating of such a bond issue, to be subscribed by the people of Russia, and to give evidence to the world that the citizens of the new Democracy are united in determination to press the war to a successful conclusion.

Carrying forward its policy of uniting the people, the Provisional Government, through Premier Lvoff and Minister of War Guchkoff, to-day issued this appeal to the army:

"The people of Russia will be able to carry through successfully a reorganization of life at home provided they are well defended from an outside enemy."

"The Government is confident that the army, mindful of this fact, will maintain its power and solidarity of discipline intact, and will do its utmost to bring the war to a victorious end."

Following out this plan of unification, it was announced to-day that Duma Delegates are planning to visit the front as well as all districts of Russia, to explain to the troops and to the people the recent events by which the monarchy was overthrown, as well as to state the purposes of the new Government.

"The new Government is an established fact, declared the Grand Duke Nicholas, in an interview at Tiflis telegraphed here to-day. "No restoration of the old order is possible. I will never permit reaction, and am confident of a victory on condition that there is tranquility in the rear of our forces. It is on this condition that I will support the Government which is powerless to prevent anarchy."

General political amnesty has been ordered by the Provisional Government. It is embodied in the following ukaz:

"Yielding to the imperious demands of the national conscience in the name of justice and in commemoration of the definite triumph of the new regime, founded upon right and liberty, we order general political amnesty."

Minister of Justice Kereensky announced to-day that the sentence on all prisoners who escaped or were released during the revolution would be reduced by one-half, if such prisoners voluntarily surrendered within two weeks.

Extreme Socialists Making Trouble for Duma Leaders.

COPENHAGEN, March 21.—Considerable dissension has arisen between various elements of the reformists in control of the provisional Russian Government, according to the newspaper Social Demokrat.

Information obtained from Russian workers arriving at Copenhagen indicates that there was great difference of opinion between Duma committee leaders and members of the Workers' Party; that the extreme Socialists were agitating violently, and that there were some fears in Russia for another revolution, the radicals demanding termination of the war.

The Social Demokrat declares all Russian Asiatic provinces have now joined the revolution, including the Siberian partition.

It was noted, however, that the exchange rate on Russian roubles was steadily rising, while other exchange rates were falling.

New York's Only Night Watchwoman
Doesn't Fear Thieves, Snakes or Bugs,
But She'd Melt the Heart of a Brigand

That's the Description of
Mrs. Ethel Ryan, Who
Holds Unique Position
and Who Carries a Gun
and Knows How to Use
It—But She'd Hate to,
Because She Might Hurt
Somebody.

Marguerite Mooers Marshall.

"Just wait around until you see a woman standing on this corner who looks as if she wasn't afraid of anything. That's Mrs. Ryan."

An admiring service gave me this description late yesterday afternoon of Mrs. Ethel Ryan, New York's only night watchwoman.

At least, I suppose "watchwoman" is the feminine of "watchman," and it is the duties of the latter which Mrs. Ryan has competently and pluckily performed for the last four years. The fact became known to the public yesterday when she applied for and received a pistol permit from Magistrate Steers in the Adams Street Police Court, Brooklyn.

I followed instructions and patiently "waited around" on the corner of Warren and Washington Streets. It was the two blocks, from Murray to Warren, along Washington, and from Washington to West, along Warren, that Mrs. Ryan nightly chaperones.

Many wholesale provision dealers make their headquarters along these streets, and great bags of potatoes and onions crowd the sidewalks and tempt the covetous but cowardly commuter.

A WATCHWOMAN WHO'D MELT A BRIGAND'S HEART.

Presently I saw the watchwoman tripping toward me. I identified her only because she was escorted by the admiring service. There never lived a more pacific looking Amazon. New York's night watchwoman is a trigly built, young woman of medium height, with steady, pleasant blue eyes, a long, straight, strong nose, the wholly satisfactory opposite of an ingenuo nose, and a lively fair complexion. She wears a plum-colored hat and a long warm coat with big pockets; the pistol is in one of them. She has a smile that would melt the heart of a brigand.

"I have held my job for four years and I'm thoroughly satisfied with it," she assured me cheerfully. "My husband used to be night watchman. When he was sick I helped him out and found that I could do the work. Then he died and I decided to try and take his place."

"The night watch for these produce houses begins at four in the afternoon and lasts till six the next morning. I couldn't be on duty fourteen hours a night, seven nights a week. My husband used to hire one man to assist him; I have two. But, of course, I must be on the job myself a good deal of the time."

"In the very cold weather there isn't much stuff left outside the warehouses. And when I get cold walking around the block I can go in and warm myself. I haven't been seriously ill or exhausted during all these years."

"And you're not afraid?" I asked. "Of what?" she replied. "Of snakes, of bugs, of thieves?"

"Of snakes?" A negative head-shake. "Of snakes?" of burglars under the bed? More negative. "Of thieves?" I hesitated and named my coldest, clammiest horrors—"of rose-bugs, potato bugs, tomato bugs?"

Mrs. Ryan laughed outright. "That's a funny question," she exclaimed.

Mrs. Ryan, who holds a unique position and who carries a gun and knows how to use it—But she'd hate to, because she might hurt somebody.

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1,000 WERE KILLED
IN BUCHAREST BY
GERMAN AVIATORS

Extent of Raid Casualties Before
Abandonment Made
Public for First Time.

LONDON, March 21.—More than 1,000 persons were killed in Bucharest by the attacks of German aircraft prior to the abandonment of the city by the Roumanians, according to an account of these raids given out at Jassy, the present capital, and forwarded in a Reuter despatch.

In a single day 300 persons were killed by the Zeppelins and airplanes. On this occasion, the report states, a group of airplanes descended to a low altitude and spent several hours in seeking victims, killing workmen and workwomen in the fields and streets.

Two airplanes which were pursuing a two-horse vehicle on the road had a race to see which could reach it first. The vehicle was going at a good pace, but the airplanes quickly overtook it, killing the coachman, then the passenger and then the horses.

The account also describes an airplane attack on the royal residence, when the young Prince Mircea lay dying of typhoid fever. The aviators evidently believed the Queen and Princesses were still there. This attack, the report says, was the subject of a special telegram from the Pope to the Queen, in which the action of the Germans was condemned.

This is the first indication that such a large number of persons met death at the hands of the German aviators. A Bucharest despatch late in November said that squadrons of German aircraft had flown over the city for five hours and that several persons had been killed.

RUSSIANS SWEEP OVER
THE TURKISH FRONTIER

Cross From Mesopotamia, Driving
Enemy in Front of Them to
the Southwest.

PETROGRAD, March 21 (via London).—Russian troops driving southward from Sakiz, Persia, have crossed the Mesopotamian frontier into Turkish territory, the War Office announced to-day.

The Turks are still in retreat in the district southwest of Kermanshah. The season of bad weather has begun on the Perso-Mesopotamian fighting front, the statement announces. It reads:

"In the direction of Sakiz our advanced detachments, pursuing the Turks have crossed the frontier into Turkish territory."

"In the direction of Kermanshah the pursuit of the Turks continues. The bad weather season has begun."

LONDON, March 21.—Another important chief in Arabia has risen against the Turks. Foreign Secretary Balfour announced in the House of Commons to-day. The Turkish force near Aden has been isolated from Turkish headquarters.

New Hampshire House Votes \$500,000 for Defense.

CONCORD, N. H., March 21.—In response to an urgent special message from Gov. Kears, the House to-day, under suspension of rules, passed a bill appropriating \$500,000 to be used for State and national defense.

NEW FRENCH MINISTRY
PLEGGED TO PUSH WAR

Declaration So Read in the Chamber
of Deputies by Premier
Ribot.

PARIS, March 21.—The new Ministry of Alexandre Ribot made its declaration to-day, pledging itself to carry on the war with all possible energy. The declaration, which was read in the Chamber of Deputies by Premier Ribot and in the Senate by Rene Viviani, Minister of Justice, opens with the affirmation:

"We are resolved to wage with the utmost vigor and to a victorious end the terrible war into which we were drawn by inexcusable aggression. We shall wage it not as our enemies, in a spirit of conquest and domination, but with the firm resolve to recover the provinces formerly wrested from us and obtain reparation and guarantees to prepare a durable peace, founded on respect for the rights and liberties of peoples."

REDFIELD SCORES PACIFISTS.

Declines to Approve Emergency
Peace Federation Plan.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Secretary Redfield to-day wired the Emergency Peace Federation in New York that its organization and doctrines were directly promoting a tax on American citizens and property.

"To accept your policy," he said, "would, in my judgment, mean more ruthless aggression. You are those who are doing more than any one else to bring about war."

The Secretary's message was in reply to one from the Federation, asking him to approve settlement of the relations between Germany and the United States through a commission.

Union Leaguers Urge
Action by U. S. in War
Now Waged on Nations

The Union League Club last night adopted resolutions urging the American people to face the fact that war with this country now exists by act of Germany and declaring that the united weight of American loyalty must be concentrated upon Government action. Following are excerpts from some of the speeches:

"Germany is making war upon us and we are all waiting to see whether we shall take it lying down. It is either war or it is submission to oppression."—Elihu Root.

"Let us not delude ourselves. Germany is now making war upon the United States, making war with ruthless barbarity."—Charles E. Hughes.

"We want to prepare at once a great army. I should hope an army of a couple of million men. * * * But do not wait for that great army! We can send an expeditionary force abroad now to fight in the trenches or in the Balkan Peninsula, wherever it is desired."—Theodore Roosevelt.

"This city is not half awake to the perils that encompass it. Go up and down the streets and avenues and you will see people devoted to pleasure, to their ordinary pursuits, to enjoyment and luxury without limit. * * * They have got to learn that we are in a moment of deadly peril."—Joseph Choate.

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COL. HAAN TO COMMAND
AERO DEFENCES IN EAST

Appointed Aeronautical Officer for
Stations Along the Atlantic
Seaboard.

Orders were received at Fort Totten to-day assigning Col. William G. Haan, commander of the post, to be aeronautical officer for the Eastern Department. Col. Haan has been visiting eastern coast cities for several weeks. Capt. O. Hope, senior Coast Artillery captain, being in charge.

Col. Haan has been a member of the General Staff of the Army and has specialized in principles of coast defense. His new command will put in his charge the organization of aero defense stations along the Atlantic seaboard. He will arrange for the continuation and expansion of the "Fort Totten Training Class" under the instruction of Lieut. R. D. Brown.

This class, organized last year by Flushing business men and other residents of Queens and Nassau Counties, grew to 300 before the infantile paralysis quarantine put a stop to its field work. The members have continued study and quiz work. Under Col. Haan's plan a full regiment is to be recruited for Saturday afternoon drills. Theodore T. Lane, a Flushing attorney, with offices at No. 165 Broadway, Manhattan, is Secretary of the organization.

Arrangements are being made looking to the augmenting of the training regiment by adding to it the full strength of the Columbia University Training Battalion, which is being instructed through the week by Capt. Philip Mathews, assigned to the work by Gen. Wood. The students are free from class room duties Saturday afternoons.

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50 FRENCH GIRLS TAKEN
BY FLEEING GERMANS

Famous Thirteenth Century Ruins
Also Destroyed by Teutons
in Their Flight.

PARIS, March 21.—In its official statement the French War Office says:

"Evacuating Noyon the enemy carried off by force fifty girls from fifteen to twenty-five years of age."

French aviators report that the Germans in their orgy of devastation have blown up the historic ruins of Coucy-le-Chateau, one of the most striking monuments of the Feudal Ages in Europe, built in the early thirteenth century.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END
A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head
and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.—Adv.

Freeman's
FACE POWDER.

Beauty and goodness in the
Duchess of Hamilton's handkerchief
face powder. It is the only
face powder that has given
its name to distinction among
beauty women. All toilet
cosmetics. Sample mailed from
The Freeman Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

25c

COMFORT COLLAR SPREADER

Makes an end of collar and the
troubles. More than doubles the
space in few seconds.

We will pay \$1.00 for any collar with
which we cannot do this. You can
wear the collar most becoming to
you and choose ties for their fronts,
instead of their backs.

Ask Your Haberdasher to Show You
Comfort Device Co.,
1607 LINCOLN PLACE, BROOKLYN.

**ARMY AND NAVY
UNIFORM**